

Classroom Implementation: The Key to Success

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Session Outcomes

By the end of this session, you will...

- Understand the importance of classroom implementation fidelity.
- Review effective classroom practices.
- Consider using a walk-through tool to monitor implementation.





- Responsible
 - Engage is session activities
 - Silence cell phones, reply appropriately
- Respectful
 - Be an active listener, open to new ideas
 - Respond promptly to attention signal



Check In

On this Alpaca scale where are you today?









What is one value or belief that you hold dear in your role as an educator, and how does it influence your approach to supporting students' social-emotional behavioral well-being?

Omaha Public Schools







65 elementary schools







1 K-12 virtual school



4 new schools

opened in fall of 2022



1 new school

opening fall of 2023



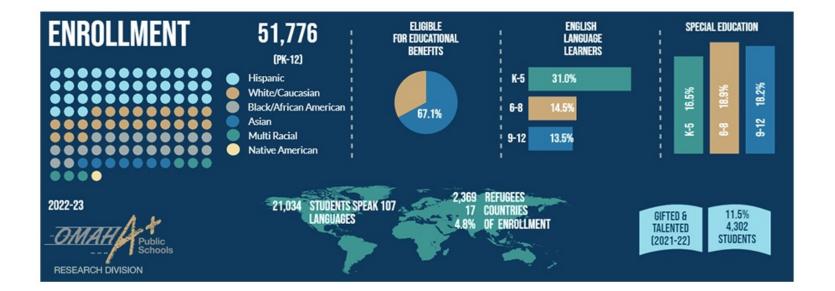
Nearly one in six students in Nebraska attends Omaha Public Schools



spoken by students and families











- Phased approach beginning in 2015-2016
- All schools/programs implement Tier 1
- All schools/programs working towards Tier 2 and 3 implementation
- MTSS-B implementation is included in our OPS Strategic Plan of Action.



"The goal of effective classroom management is not creating "perfect" children, but providing the

perfect environment

for enhancing their growth, using research-based strategies that guide students toward increasingly responsible and motivated behavior."

(Sprick, Knight, Reinke & McKale, 2006, p. 185)





- Classroom Systems subscale (SAS) is the strongest predictor of schoolwide implementation and student outcomes.
- Regular acknowledgement of expected student behaviors (4:1) is critical to sustainability.
- Teachers need access to assistance and recommendations.

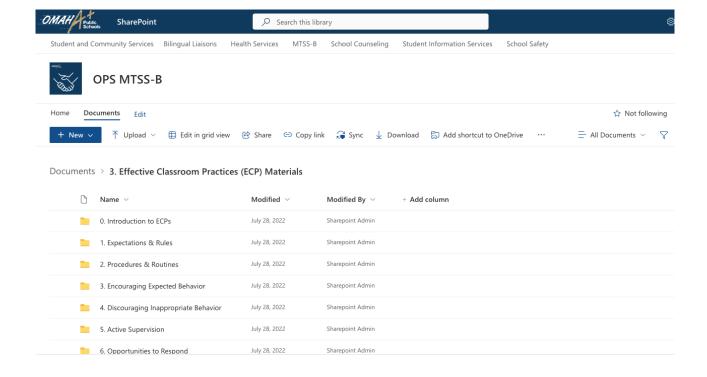
(Matthews et al., 2013)



Effective Classroom Practices

- 1. Expectations & Rules
- 2. Procedures & Routines
- 3. Encouraging Expected Behavior
- 4. Discouraging Inappropriate Behavior
- 5. Active Supervision
- 6. Multiple Opportunities to Respond
- 7. Activity Sequencing & Choice
- 8. Task Difficulty

Training & Support





Classroom Practices Walkthrough Tool

- 10-minutes
- Data on 5 Effective
 Classroom Practices
- Easy to summarize for building level reports

MTSS-B

Multi-Tiered Systems of Support for Behavior





Classroom Management & Feedback (10 minutes)	Do not count feedback for academic content
Non-Specific Positive Feedback A teacher statement that occurs in response to or after a desired behavior that is positive but does not specifically indicate what behavior is being praise; positive but does not specifically indicate what behavior is being praise; positive but does not specifically indicate what behavior is being	Total:
Specific Positive Feedback A teacher statement that occurs in response to or after a desired behavior that specifically states what the student(s) did. "Thanks for raising your hand. That's a great way to be respectful."	Total:
Non-Specific Corrective Feedback A leacher statement hat occurs in response to or after a problem behavior that does not provide specific information about what the student should do instead of the problem behavior. "Size", "Shirth", "Don't"	Total:
Specific Corrective Feedback A loacher statement that occurs in response to or after a problem behavior that fells the student(s) what they should do instead of the problem behavior. "Please be safe by keaping your hands to yournet."	Total:
Pre-corrects Reminders that are provided before a behavior is expected that describes what is expected.	Total:
Ignored Disruptions Behavior error ignored by teacher	Total:

2. Classroor	n Context Observations: (5 min)	Y: Ye		Comments
Classroom	Positively stated classroom rules, aligned with school-wide expectations are visible - everyone could see and read them	Υ	N	
Expectations	Expectations and/or rules are regularly referred to by the teacher to pre-correct, encourage and correct behavior.	Υ	N	
	Clear procedures were observed for managing transitions.	Υ	N	
Classroom Procedures and Routines	Clear and consistent procedures were observed for getting teacher's attention and responding to teacher questions.	Υ	N	
and Roddines	The teacher gains the attention of all students at the beginning of a lesson or transition.	Y	N	
Encouraging	Teacher uses a reinforcement system to acknowledge appropriate student behaviors	Υ	N	
Expected Behavior	The teacher provides non-contingent attention to most student in the classroom	Y	N	
	Classroom floor plan allows for ease of movement	Υ	N	
Active	Teacher moves frequently around the classroom	Υ	N	
Supervision	Teacher uses frequent scanning	Υ	N	
	Teacher demonstrates frequent positive and corrective interactions	Υ	N	



Example Data Report

- Summary of collated classroom observations
- Focused on Effective Classroom Practices implementation
- Highlights real time data on classroom-level practices

Every student. Every day. Prepared for success.

MTSS-B



Multi-Tiered Systems of Support for Behavior

School Classroom Observations Summary

Classrooms Expectations & Rules

1.26.22	
7.7%	Classrooms that had positively stated classroom rules, aligned with schoolwide expectations that were visible.
61.5%	Classroom teachers that regularly referred to the expectations/rules to pre-correct, encourage, and correct behavior.
7.7%	Classroom teachers that provided two or more pre-corrects, or reminders of expectations before the behavior is needed to be demonstrated.

Classrooms Procedures & Routines

1.26.22	
53.8%	Classrooms that had clear procedures for managing transitions.
84.6%	Classrooms that had clear and consistent procedures for getting the teacher's attention and responding to teacher questions.
92.3%	Classroom where the teachers gained the attention of all students at the beginning of a lesson or transition.

Encouraging Expected Behavior

1.26.22	
1.1 : 1	Ratio of Positive Feedback to Corrective Feedback.
38.5%	Classroom teachers that used a reinforcement system to acknowledge appropriate student behavior.
75%	Classroom teachers that provided non-contingent attention to most students in the classroom.

Discouraging Unexpected Behavior

1.26.22	
1.1:1	Ratio of Positive Feedback to Corrective Feedback.
73.5%	Corrective feedback was specific and told the student what to do instead.

Active Supervision

1.26.22		
100%	Classroom floorplans allowed for ease of movement.	
53.8%	Classroom teachers moved frequently around the room.	
84.6%	Classroom teachers used frequent scanning.	
61.5%	Classroom teachers demonstrated frequent positive and corrective feedback interactions.	

Engaging Practice: Data Review

 What professional development might you suggest based on this set of data?

Every student. Every day. Prepared for success.

MTSS-B



Multi-Tiered Systems of Support for Behavior

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- Data is shared with MTSS-B Team and/or staff.
- Targeted professional development for MTSS-B Team and/or staff.
- Focused on 1-2 areas for improvement.
- SharePoint training materials are utilized.

Example of Comparison Data

- Shows evidence of growth.
- Aligns professional development back to implementation.
- Promotes celebration of staff.

MTSS-B

OMAH Public Schools

Multi-Tiered Systems of Support for Behavior

School Classroom Observations Summary

Classrooms Expectations & Rules

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1.26.22	4.27.22	
7.7%	26.7%	Classrooms that had positively stated classroom rules, aligned with schoolwide
		expectations that were visible.
61.5%	40%	Classroom teachers that regularly referred to the expectations/rules to pre-
		correct, encourage, and correct behavior.
7.7%	13.3%	Classroom teachers that provided two or more pre-corrects, or reminders of
		expectations before the behavior is needed to be demonstrated.

Classrooms Procedures & Routines

1.26.22	4.27.22	
53.8%	60%	Classrooms that had clear procedures for managing transitions. (Note:
		Transitions occurred at a similar frequency during both observations.)
84.6%	80%	Classrooms that had clear and consistent procedures for getting the teacher's
		attention and responding to teacher questions.
92.3%	100%	Classroom where the teachers gained the attention of all students at the
		beginning of a lesson or transition.

Encouraging Expected Behavior

Elicodiagnig Expected Beliavior				
1.26.22	4.27.22			
1.1 : 1	1.9 : 1	Ratio of Positive Feedback to Corrective Feedback.		
38.5%	53.3%	Classroom teachers that used a reinforcement system to acknowledge appropriate student behavior.		
75%	84.6%	Classroom teachers that provided non-contingent attention to most students in the classroom.		

Discouraging Unexpected Behavior

- 1000 m ag 110 m ag				
1.26.22	4.27.22			
1.1:1	1.9 : 1	Ratio of Positive Feedback to Corrective Feedback.		
73.5%	73.8%	Corrective feedback was specific and told the student what to do instead.		

Active Supervision

1.26.22	4.27.22	7
100%	100%	Classroom floorplans allowed for ease of movement.
53.8%	53.3%	Classroom teachers moved frequently around the room.
84.6%	100%	Classroom teachers used frequent scanning.
61.5%	80%	Classroom teachers demonstrated frequent positive and corrective feedback interactions.



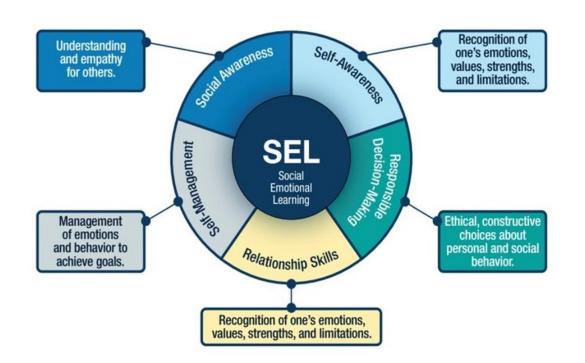
Promoting Classroom Support

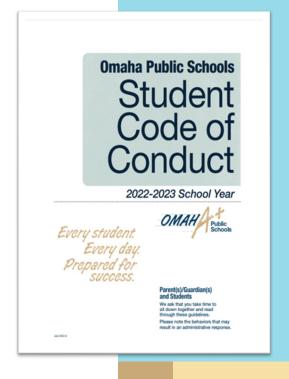
- MTSS-B Team Training
- MTSS-B Building Coach Meetings
- Principal and Administrator Meetings
- Teaching & Learning Consultants
- District Professional Development
- Omaha Public Schools Learning Framwork

How do MTSS-B and SEL Align in all Omaha Public Schools and Programs?

MTSS-B and SEL are frameworks that work together to provide an ethic of care for students and promote success in students' academics, behavior, attendance, and overall well-being. Combined they create positive learning environments where students and staff are equipped with resources and skills for successful school communities.













The process through which all young people and adults acquire and apply the knowledge, skills, and attitudes to:

- Develop healthy identities
- Manage emotions and achieve personal and collective goals
- Feel and show empathy for others
- Establish and maintain supportive relationships
- Make responsible and caring decisions





- Explicitly teach CASEL skills to students
- No assumptions that students already know how to behave or how to manage their feelings and emotions
- Focus on how SEL are the building blocks for increased academic engagement and learning
- Understand how feelings may influence behavior



Being aware of our emotions, strengths and needs, and being able to manage those, is a critical part of

taking care of ourselves.

recognize one's own emotions, thoughts, and values

regulate one's emotions, thoughts, and behaviors in different situations





We all need these...

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SELFAWARENESS SELFMANAGEMENT SOCIAL AND EMOTIONAL LEARNING DECISIONMAKING RESPONSIBLE DECISIONMAKING

In order to do these...





- Go directly to your destination
- Avoid interrupting classrooms during learning
- •Use professional language

BE RESPONSIBLE

- Use a hallway pass at all times
- Have your ID/lanyard visible
- •Be in your assigned room when the bell rings

BE SAFE

- Move with order and purpose to your destination
- Stay to the right when walking down hallways
- Avoid entering other classrooms



Classroom Agreements: How do we want to feel in our school/classroom?







What specific strategies or activities can you incorporate into your classroom or school building to integrate SEL and MTSS-B principles effectively?







Thank you! Questions?

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