SW-PBS Leadership Series: Creating a **Professional Development Plan Around** the 8 Effective Classroom Practices (Teaching & Learning Practices) 4F

Dr. Katie Andreasen

Attendees will:

- ★ Build confidence in your knowledge of the Eight Effective Classroom Practices
- ★ Learn systems that can be utilized to determine what your staff needs are for professional development
- ★ Discover where you can access materials to support professional development

Active Supervision Classroom Expectations Encouraging Expected Behavior Classroom Procedures & Routines Discouraging Inappropriate Behavior Activity Sequencing & Choice Opportunities to Respond Task Difficulty

Effective Classroom Practices Instructional and Engaged Time

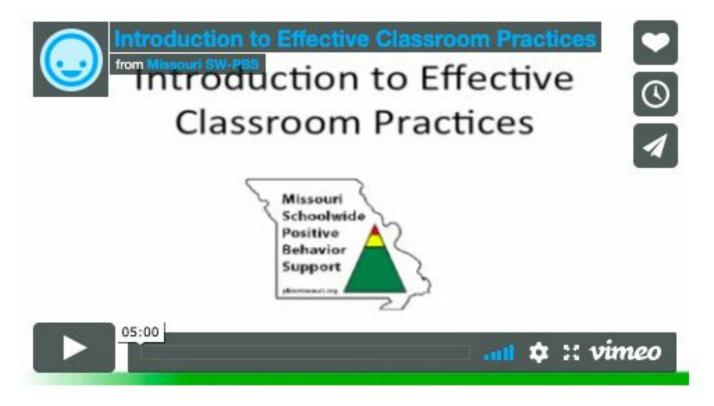
- 1. Classroom Expectations
- 2. Classroom Procedures & Routines
- 3. Encouraging Expected Behavior
- 4. Discouraging Inappropriate Behavior

Increase Engaged Time

- 5. Active Supervision
- 6. Opportunities to Respond
- 7. Activity Sequencing & Choice
- 8. Task Difficulty







http://pbismissouri.org/tier-1-effective-classroom-practices/

Tool	Description
8.0 MO SW-PBS Tier 1 Workbook Ch 8 Classroom	Effective Classroom Practice chapter from the MO SW-PBS Tier 1 Team Workbook.
8.1 MO SW-PBS Teacher Self-Assessment of the Effective Classroom Practices	Short Teacher Self-Assessment to assess implementation fidelity of the Effective Classroom Practices.
8.2 Introduction to Effective Classroom Practices	Training PowerPoint – An Overview: Effective Classroom Practices
8.3 Artifacts and/or Materials	Walkthrough tool designed to check for artifacts and/or materials related to expectations & rules and procedures & routines.
8.4 Walk Through or Brief Observation	Walkthrough tool designed to observe teacher practices related to expectations & rules and procedures & routines.
8.5 In-depth Classroom Observation by Frequency	Observation tool to record the number of times within a 10-20 minutes that an identified strategy is observed.
8.6 In-depth Classroom Observation by Time	Observation tool to record the number of times within a 10-20 minutes that the identified strategy is observed.

⇒ Expectation χ TEACH ⇒ Specific skill	-	edures and rocess for how in taught to fluency form routines to hly accomplish tion signal the classroom essistance ecting materials MONITOR ⇒ Remind	 3. Encouraging Expected Behaviour To effectively recognise and encourage students when they display expected behaviours and to create a positive school environment where learning flourishes 1) Non-contingent attention 2) Specific positive feedback © Contingent © Inmerdiate © Frequently to build behaviour © Intermittently to maintain behaviour © Ratio of at least 4:1 positive to corrective feedback 3) Tangible reinforcement system to build: © Relatedness © Competence > Autonomy 4) Acontinuum of reinforcers © Frequent © Intermittent © Occasional 	 4. Discouraging Inappropriate Behaviour A teaching opportunity to clarify and re-teach expectations. All responses should be: ⇔ Consistent ⇔ Least Intrusive strategy ⇔ Specific, yet brief ⇒ Quiet and respectful Indirect- unobtrusive and carried out quickly to minimise disruption to instruction ⇔ Non/minimal -verbal cue ⇔ Proximity ⇔ Ignore If these do not change behaviour utilise: Direct- instructional approaches Re-direct: A brief, clear, private verbal reminder of the expected behaviour. Use classroom/school matrix language Re-teach: Builds on the re-direct by specifically instructing exactly what should be done Provide choice: statement of two alternatives Student conference: re-teaching or problem solving
Supervision ⇒ Moving ⇒ Scanning ⇒ Interacting Adapted from M0 An instruction or gesture of seeking and students. 1) Verbal 2) Non-v 3) Student	unities to Respond onal question, statement, nade by the teacher active response from responses erbal responses nt response systems I notes	 Task intersp difficult taske Behavioural momentum f Academic Cl 	momentum-begin with easier tasks to build for more challenging activities hoice - activities, materials, who to work with, vill work and what to do when finished	 8. Task Difficulty 1) Assignment length or time – offering periodic breaks 2) Response mode – providing an alternative 3) Increased instruction or practise – provide more teaching, guided practice,
2016-2017 5) Wait t Missouri Schoolwide Positive Research s significant actively en	me hows that students are y more likely to be gaged when rates of OTR nimum level of three per	Practices		Rypple Raising young people in positive learning environments

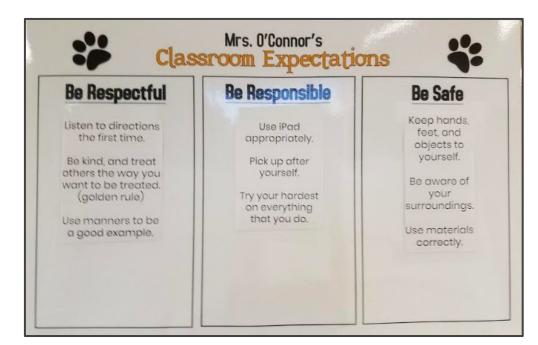
Classroom Expectations

- \star Align with school expectations
- ★ Student negotiated
- ★ Clearly posted
- ★ Explicitly taught
- ★ Monitored
- ★ Specifically reinforced

They should be:

- Observable
- Measureable
- Positively stated
- Understandable
- Always applicable





Classroom Procedures & Routines

Procedures are the process for how things are done. When taught to fluency they help students to form routines to efficiently and smoothly accomplish tasks.

- \star Classroom attention signal
- ★ Entering/exiting the classroom
- \star Transitions
- ★ Lining up
- \star Getting teacher assistance
- ★ Handing out/collecting materials
- \star Greeting visitors



Encouraging Expected Behavior

To effectively recognize and encourage students when they display expected behaviors and to create a positive school environment where learning flourishes.

- \star Specific positive feedback
 - Immediate
 - Frequent to build
 - Intermittently to maintain
 - Ratio of 4:1 positive to corrective
- ★ Can include a tangible reinforcement system
- ★ Create a continuum
 - Frequent
 - Intermittent
 - Occasional





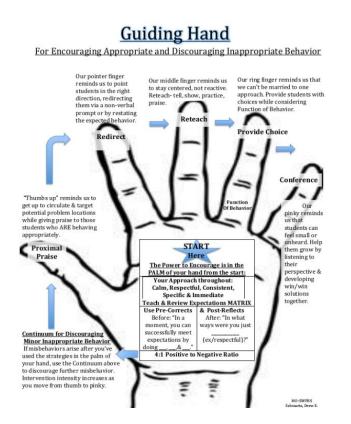
Discouraging Inappropriate Behavior

A teaching opportunity to clarify and re-teach expectations. All responses should be:

- ★ Consistent
- ★ Least intrusive strategy
- ★ Specific, yet brief
- ★ Quiet and respectful Indirect:
- Non-verbal cue
- Proximity
- Ignore

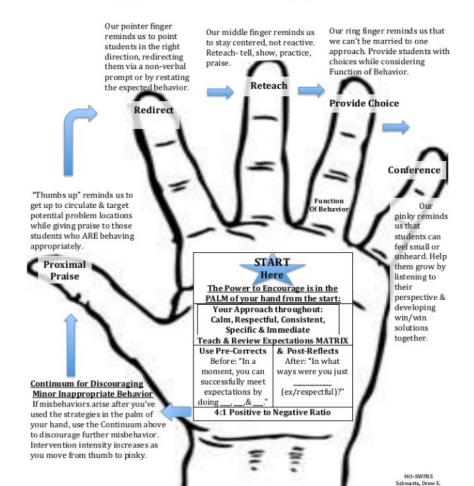
Direct:

- Redirect
- Reteach
- Provide Choice
- Conference



Guiding Hand

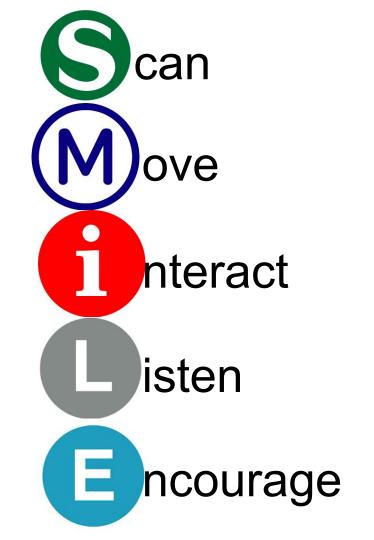
For Encouraging Appropriate and Discouraging Inappropriate Behavior



Active Supervision

- ★ Move
- \star Scan
- ★ Interact (positively)





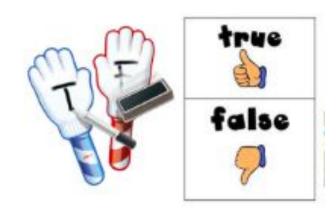
Opportunities to Respond

An instructional question, statement, or gesture made by the teacher seeking an active response from students.

- ★ Verbal
- ★ Non-verbal
- ★ Student response systems
- ★ Guided notes
- ★ Wait time

Research shows that students are significantly more likely to be actively engaged when rates of OTR are at a minimum level of three per minute.





Activity Sequencing & Choice

- ★ Task interspersal- use a ratio of 1:3 of easier tasks to more difficult tasks
- ★ Behavior momentum- begin with easier tasks to build for more challenging tasks
- Academic choice- activities, materials, who to work with, where they will work, and what to do when finished

Activity Sequencing	Examples	Choice (Students choose)	Examples			
Task Interspersal	Plan 1 easy/ previously learned task, then new tasks, then easy/	Type of Activity/ Task	Menu of assignment options (e.g. draw a diagram vs. write a descriptive paragraph)			
	previously learned task within the same assignment	Order of Tasks	3 tasks are assigned, student selects which to complete first			
		Kinds of Materials	Keyboarding vs. pencil/ paper; Purple ink vs. pencil			
Behavioral Momentum	Plan 2 very easy tasks, then 2 tasks that are a little more difficult, then	Work Group	Choose to complete a task with a partner, within a group or individually			
	2 newly learned/ most difficult tasks within the same assignment	Location	Complete a task at student desk or study center			

Task Difficulty

 ★ Assignment length or timeoffering periodic breaks

★ Response modeproviding an alternative

Increased instruction or practice- provide more teaching, guided practice

Strategy	Examples
Time adjustments	 Have shorter work periods with other assignments in between Provide physical breaks between difficult tasks Provide alternative times for students to complete their work
Length adjustments	 Highlight, in a color, the problems for the student to complete Have the student cover all tasks except the one she is working on at the time Break up the assignments into chunks
Adjust Input Mode	 Include illustrations on worksheets describing how to complete tasks Highlight and/or underline important words in instructions and texts Create Guided Notes that highlight key points
Response Mode	 Provide choice of written or oral answers Permit students to use outlining software to facilitate planning Allow students to video or take pictures to produce journals or compose essay
Increased Instruction or Practice	 Different instructional strategies than were presented during initial instruction incorporate multiple representations Arrange for additional brief instruction using modeling, then guided practice, then independent practice if student is in the acquisition stage. If students understands the content but needs more practice, arrange a peer tutor. Ensure 90% accuracy before moving to independent practice. Use flash cards to increase fluency to 90%. To assist with mastery or generalization, use meaningful real life examples for practice and application.



Professional Development

I'm going to tell you a secret

Each situation is different!



Teacher Self-Assessment Survey

8.1 MO SW-PBS Teacher Self-Assessment of the Effective Classroom Practices

Short Teacher Self-Assessment to assess implementation fidelity of the Effective Classroom Practices.

http://pbismissouri.org/tier-1-effective-classroom-practices/

Effective Classroom	Staff Expectations to Support Student Behavior	Effective Classroom	Staff Expectations to Support Student Behavior
1. Classroom Expectations	 I have attended Classroom Expectations in-service. I have created and posted classroom rules aligned with 	5. Active Supervision	I have designed the classroom floor plan to allow for ease of movement for Active Supervision.
	schoolwide expectations.		 I continually monitor all areas of the room by scanning, moving, and interacting frequently and strategically.
	 I have filed a copy of my classroom rules in the office. 80% of my students can tell the classroom expectations and 		 When designing a lesson, I consider student groupings, location, and activity level.
	rules.		 I provide positive contact, positive, and corrective feedback while moving around the room.
2. Classroom Procedures and Routines	I have attended Classroom Procedures and Routines in- service.	6. Opportunities to Respond	I use a variety of strategies to increase student Opportunities
	 I have created, posted, taught and given students frequent specific performance feedback on classroom procedures and routines. 		to Respond (examples: turn and talk, guided notes, response cards).
	 Students can verbalize and regularly demonstrate the classroom procedures and routines. 		What strategy do I use to track students being called on?
3. Encourage Expected	I have attended Classroom Strategies to Encourage Expected		 I regularly use wait-time to increase student opportunity for metacognition.
Behavior – Provide	Behavior in-service.		□ I regularly plan instructional questions and response methods
Specific Positive Feedback	 I use a variety of strategies to give specific positive feedback (free and frequent, intermittent, and long term). 	7. Activity Sequence and Choice	I Sequence tasks by intermingling easy/brief tasks among longer or more difficult tasks.
	What is my method for providing specific positive feedback at a ratio of 4: 1?		When designing a lesson I consider the pace, sequence, and level of task difficulty to promote each student's success.
	Can my students tell how they receive acknowledgement for appropriate behavior?		 I consider a variety of elements when offering students Choice (order, materials, partner, location, type of task).
			I develop and use a menu of options to promote student choice (examples: work stations, demonstration of knowledge).
4. Discouraging Inappropriate Behavior	I have attended Discouraging Inappropriate Behavior in- service.	8. Task Difficulty	How do I make certain independent work contains 70-85% known elements (instructional level)?
	 I demonstrate calm, consistent, brief, immediate, and respectful error corrections using professional teaching tone and demeanor. 		How do I make certain reading tasks are 93-97% known elements (independent)?
	 I use a variety classroom response strategies (prompt, redirect, re- teach, provide choice, and conference with students). 	Ö. I	 I use a variety of strategies to adjust Task Difficulty. I scaffold tasks by modeling, providing guided practice, and chunking multi-step directions and activities.

SW-PBS Effective Classroom Practices Checklist (Classroom 8)

Please rate yourself honestly as to how you feel you are progressing in the implementation of the following features from the Classroom 8.

Yes: implementing fully, Partial: implementing to some extent, No: not implementing at this time

Feature	Yes	Partial	No
Classroom expectations			
Classroom expectations are aligned with school-wide expectations			
School-wide and classroom matrix are posted in my classroom			
Knowledge of school-wide expectations and rules across all settings			
Classroom procedures and routines			
Classroom procedures and routines are created and posted			
Classroom procedures and routines are taught, reviewed, and retaught weekly/daily			
Positive performance/feedback given to students on procedures and routines			
Encouraging Expected Behavior			
Provide positive specific performance feedback using a variety of strategies			
Positive feedback is given at a ratio of 4:1			
Use school-wide expectations and matrix language when giving students specific performance feedback			
Set classroom goals for recognition and celebration			
Students can tell why they received recognition			

SW-PBS Effective Classroom Practices Checklist (Classroom 8)

We turned it into a

* Required

The classroom expectations are aligned with school-wide expectations. * Classroom Expectations

Yes
 Partial
 No

The school-wide and classroom matrix are posted in my classroom. * Classroom Expectations

- Yes
- Partial
- No

I have knowledge of school-wide expectations and rules across all settings. * Classroom Expectations

- Yes
- Partial
- No

1 = somewhat 2 = moderate 3 = extensive	1	2	3	N/A	Majority of Students Follow Routine/
Posted Classroom Schedule is Followed					
Procedures/ Routines Directly Observed:				30	8
 Entering Exiting Lining up Whole group Small group Instructor Used Attention Signal Transitions 					
Physical Space Facilitates Ease of Novement and Traffic Flow					
laterials Organized and Accessible					
tudents were participating in he assigned task or activity					

Note: Words in **bold** are defined in "Key Term Descriptors"

Comments:



Artifacts and/or Materials

School:	Teacher Observed:	
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Observer:

Date: _____/ ___ Time In: _____ Time Out: _____

Hules Provide Clear Meaning of Expectations in Classroom

	Yes	No	N/A
Align with Schoolwide Expectations (i.e. Be Safe, Be Respectful, Be Responsible)			Ì
Rules are observable, measurable, and positively stated]
Prominently Posted in Classroom/Instructional Space]
5 or Fewer for each Schoolwide Expectation		-	1
Lessons to teach Classroom Rules have been developed (Elementary, 6th and 9th grade orientation/academy) OR			
Classroom Rules Review plan developed (upper elementary, middle and high school levels)			
Teaching or Review Schedule of Classroom Rules Lessons is developed		2 5	

Procedures/ Routines to Teach and Reinforce Expectations

8	Yes	No	N/A
Align with Rules		2	8 3
Prominently Posted in Appropriate Classroom Area(s)		2	×
Stated in Observable, Measurable, Positively Stated Language		8	s
Classroom Schedule Posted			8

Note: Words in bold are defined in "Key Term Descriptors"



Comments:

Tier 1 Team Observations

Walk Through or Brief Observation

Strategies to Enhance Academic and/or Social/Behavior Instruction

Strategy Used	1	2	3	N/A	Majority of
1 = somewhat					Students
2 = moderate					Responded
3 = extensive					8
Precorrect: Reminder of Classroom Procedure/Routine					
Precorrect: Reminder of Classroom Rule	-	-			
Class begins Promptly					
Students Actively Engaged / Minimal Down Time					
Classroom Procedures/Routines/Rules Actively Taught					
Active Supervision (move, scan, interact)	-	-			
Positive, Specific Feedback					
Respectful Redirect / Error Correction Prompt (identify error) Reteach (skill, rule, routine, procedure) Reinforce (state when error corrected) 					
Provide Choices (where, when, how work is done)		t			
Multiple Opportunities to Respond (i.e. group choral response, students volunteer, written)					
Task Difficulty aligns with Student(s) Ability					
Activity/Task Sequence Clearly Stated and Demonstrated					
Positive Feedback (Adult Attention) Ratio 4:1					
A Continuum of Corrective Feedback is Clearly Defined and Utilized					

Walk Through or Brie					
Strategies to Enhance Academic and/o Strategy Used 1 = somewhat 2 = moderate 3 = extensive	0-Strategy was called for but was not exhibited	r Instr 1	2	3	Strategy was not observed and was no applicable
Precorrect: Reminder of Classroom <u>Procedure/Routine</u> Does the teacher precorrect procedures/routines?					- opposite -
Are Precorrect: Reminder of Classroom <u>Expectations</u> ? Are Precorrects used to set students up for success in being respectful, responsible, and safe?					
Class begins Promptly		·			
Students Actively Engaged / Minimal Down Do students have multiple opportunities to engaged in the lesson? Are transition lost in instruction?	it cific!	~			
Students Actively Engaged / Minimal Down Do students have multiple opportunities to engaged in the lesson? Are transition lost in instruction? Classroom Procedures/Routines/Rout Does the teacher redirect/reteach procedures/routines when they are no evident that procedures and routines	$\langle \langle \rangle$				
Active Supervision (move, scan, in Does the teacher move throughout the room of good and a Do they scan student work to make sure all so dents are on trace academically and behaviorally? Does the teacher interact with individual or groups of students during instruction and/or independent work?	?				
Provide Choices (where, when, how work is done, materials used)					

Walk Through or Brief Observation

Student Reflection

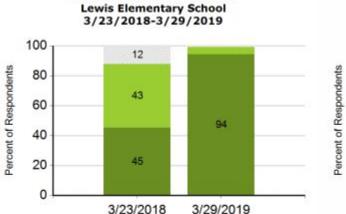
Missouri School-wide Positive Behavior Support Effective Classroom Practices Checklist Student Reflection

	Feature	Yes	Partially	No
1.	The expectations in the classrooms I attend are aligned with school-wide expectations, posted, and referred to regularly. (Do they use Respectful, Responsible, & Safe regularly?)			
2.	In the classrooms I attend the procedures and routines are created, posted, taught, and referred to regularly.			
	(Does your teacher teach you classroom procedures & routines, do they post them for reference, and do they refer to them often?)			
3.	In the classrooms I attend positive specific performance feedback on behavior is provided using a variety of strategies and at a ratio of 4:1. (Does my teacher give me 4 positive comments about my behavior to every one corrective/negative behavior?)			
4.	A variety of strategies (redirect, re-teach, provide choice, and conference with the student) are used consistently, immediately, respectfully in tone and demeanor in response to inappropriate behavior in the classrooms I attend?			

When Giving the Survey & Observing

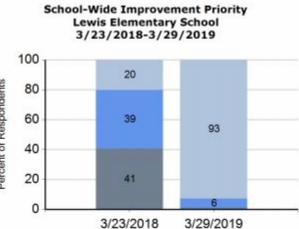
- Make sure the staff knows it is NOT an evaluative tool
- Encourage honest evaluation of individual practices
- Preview each of the items on the survey so staff have a clear understanding
- Explain how the data will be used to target specific needs for staff development

Self-Assessment Survey



School-Wide Current Status

	In Place	Partial	Not
3/23/2018	45%	43%	12%
3/29/2019	94%	5%	1%



	High	Medium	Low
3/23/2018	41%	39%	20%
3/29/2019	1%	6%	93%

In Place Partial		Not	System: Nonclassroom Setting		Medium	Low	
94 %	6 %	0 %	 School-wide expected student behaviors apply to non- classroom settings. 		9 %	91 %	
97 %	3 %	0 %	 School-wide expected student behaviors are taught in non- classroom settings. 		3 %	97 %	
91 %	9 %	0 %	3. Supervisors actively supervise (move, scan, & interact) students in non-classroom settings.		6 %	88 %	
94 %	6 %	0 %	 Rewards exist for meeting expected student behaviors in non-classroom settings. 		6 %	94 %	
72 %	28 %	0 %	 Physical/architectural features are modified to limit (a) unsupervised settings, (b) unclear traffic patterns, and (c) inappropriate access to & exit from school grounds. 		22 %	75 %	
73 %	24 %	3 %	 Scheduling of student movement ensures appropriate numbers of students in non-classroom spaces. 		21 %	73 %	
81 %	19 %	0 %	 Staff receives regular opportunities for developing and improving active supervision skills. 		16 %	84 %	
97 %	0 %	3 %	 Status of student behavior and management practices are evaluated quarterly from data. 		3 %	94 %	
97 %	3 %	0 %	0 % 9. All staff are involved directly or indirectly in management of non-classroom settings.		3 %	94 %	

Itemized Results

SAS Summary

School: Lewis Elementary School

Date: 4/11/19

For each system area, follow the steps as outlined below	y page and the SAS Summary Graph to develop an accurate summary & determine initial focus area priorities Overall Perception					
	School-wide	Non-classroom	Classroom	Individual Student		
1. Use SAS Summary Graph to rate overall perspective of PBIS implementation & circle High, Med. or Low	High Med Low	High Med Low	<mark>High</mark> Med Low	High Med Low		
2. Using SAS <i>Tally</i> <i>Pages</i> , list three major strengths	 A. Expected student behavior are rewarded regularly B. Expected behaviors and routines taught directly C. Data on problem behaviors patterns are collected and summarized as an ongoing system 	 A. Schoolwide expected student behaviors are taught in non-classroom setting B. Schoolwide expected student behaviors are applied in classroom settings C. Rewards exist for meeting expected behaviors D. All staff are involved directly or indirectly in management of non classroom settings 	 A. Expected student behaviors and routines in classrooms are stated positively and defined clearly B. Expected student behavior and routines are taught directly C. Classroom-based options exist to allow classroom instruction to continue when problem behavior occurs 	a. b. c.		
 Using the SAS Tally pages, list three major areas in need of development. For each system, circle one priority area for focusing development activities 	A. Consequences for problem behaviors are defined clearly B. Using data for active decision making on a regular basis C. Distinctions between office vs. classroom managed problem behaviors are clear	A. Modifying building patterns to limit unsupervised settings, unclear traffic patterns, and inappropriate access to and exit from school grounds B. Scheduling of student movement ensures appropriate numbers of students in non classroom spaces C. Staff receives regular opportunities for developing	A. Students experience high rates of academic success B. Expected student behaviors are acknowledged regularly (positively reinforced)(4:1) C. Problem behaviors receive consistent consequences	Targeted group or Individual interventions a. b. c.		

Use the SAS Tally page and the SAS Summary Graph to develop an accurate summary & determine initial focus area priorities

		and improving active supervision skills			
5. Circle or define activities for this/next year's focus to support area selected for development	a. Organize a team b. Define/teach school rules c. Define consequence systems for appropriate & inappropriate behavior d. Define a measurement system linked to school improvement goal e. Establish communication cycles with other school teams f. Develop implementation plan	a. Define/teach routines b. Supervisor booster training & feedback sessions c. Data management d. Maintain team & communication cycle with other school teams e. Develop implementation plan	a. Define/teach routines/ link with school wide rules b. Classroom staff boosters & feedback sessions for creating effective strategies/materials c. Data management d. Maintain team & communication cycle with other school teams e. Develop implementation plan	a. Process for referral & support plan design, implementation & monitoring b. Plan to develop & use FBA to support skills c. Data management d. Maintain team & communicatio cycle with other school teams e. Develop implementation plan	
6. Specify system(s) to: sustain (S) & develop (D).	* Give bigger printed copy flowchart * Provide more training using the flowchart * Provide examples for teachers to problem solve through	* Meet with principal and BLT members in looking at next year's scheduling	* Observations * Self-Assessments * Continue work with KCRPDC * Other ways to make aware		

★★ In addition to the highlighted items above, a fourth focus for Tier 1 will be the 8 Effective Classroom Practices.★★

8 Effective Classroom Practices

- 1. Classroom Expectations
- 2. Classroom Procedures and Routines
- 3. Encourage Expected Behavior Provide Specific Positive Feedback
- 4. Discouraging Inappropriate Behavior
- 5. Active Supervision
- 6.Opportunity to Respond
- 7. Activity Sequence and Choice
- 8. Task Difficulty

Present Data to Staff

• Show:

- Strengths
- Areas to develop
- How the team is using the data to guide professional development
- What are the next steps?

Utilize the Action Plan

Goals Steps, Timeline, Resources, Who is Responsible **Review Status** Evaluation A = Achieved & and Communication Measure/ Maintain Evidence I = In progress Component N = Not achieved Sem 1 Sem 2 1. Implement Effective a. Identify Effective Classroom a. SW PBS Team and a. Classroom Classroom Practices Practices that are not fully Administration observation data (Classroom 8). implemented b SW PBS Team and b. Staff b. Use observation data to drive Administration development staff development training plan opportunities 2. Staff Development a. Provide training at the beginning a. SW PBS Team and a. Sign-In sheet Т Training of the year for new staff. Administration b. Sign-In sheet Systems b. Provide training at the beginning b. SW-PBS Team and c. Sign-In sheet of the year for returning staff. Administration c. Provide ongoing targeted training c. SW PBS Team and on Effective Classroom Practices Administration Classroom during faculty and/or PLC meetings 3. Monitor implementation of a. Use observation data to a. SW PBS Team and a. Analysis of Т Effective Classroom determine growth in Effective Administration classroom Classroom Practices b. SW-PBS Team and Practices observation data m implementation Administration b. Analysis of b. Use observation data to drive classroom additional staff development observation data training opportunities

Missouri Schoolwide Positive Behavior Support Team Action Plan Last Revised: 11/17/14

What Makes PD Successful?

- Know your staff
- Build on the existing PBS system in the building
- Utilize the SWPBS team
- Use data to justify
- Adopt evidence based practices
- Provide follow up to ensure fidelity (Instructional Coach/Peers/Grade Level Teams)
- Review and monitor
- Acknowledge improvement and success





KCRPDC



ECP1.3 Teacher Tool – Classroom Expectations and Rules

Teacher Tool for Classroom Expectations and Rules that includes a summary of the practice, research, implementation examples, and a self-assessment.



MO SW-PBS TEACHER TOOL CLASSROOM EXPECTATIONS AND RULES

PRACTICE: Claisroom rules/expectations are aligned with school-wide expectations, posted, and referred to regularly.

RESEARCH STATES:

- A dependable system of rules and procedures provides structure for students and helps them to be engaged with instructional tasks (Brophy, 1998).
- Teaching rules and routines to students at the beginning of the year and enforcing them consistently across time increases student academic achievement and task engagement (Evertson & Emmer, 1982; Johnson, Stoner, & Green, 1996).
- Clearly stating expectations and consistently supporting them lends credibility to a teacher's authority (Good & Brophy, 2009).

What are they?

- Expectations are valued behaviors and attitude for ancess.
- Rules are specific criteria for achieving expectations.
- Rules meet these 5 guidelines.

Guideline	This Means:	Example:	Non-example: Be your best.	
Observable	l can see it.	Raise hand and wait to be called on.		
Measurable	I can count it.	Being materials.	Be ready to learn.	
Positively Stated	I tell students what TO do.	Hands and feet to self.	No fighting.	
Understandable	The vocabulary is appropriate for age/ grade level.	Hands and feet to self.	Maintain personal space. (K-1 rule) "Children this age do not have a consist of "personal space"	
Always Applicable	I am able to consistently enforce.	Stay in assigned area.	Remain seated until given permission to leave.	

Guidelines for Developing Classroom Rules

Implementation

- Involve students in developing rules.
- Have students commit to rules.
- Teach classroom rules by demonstrating examples and nonexamples.
- Monitor and give frequent feedback when students follow rules.
- Share rules with families and others.

Teacher Self-Assessment Tool

	Self-Assessment Features	Yes	No	In Progress
1.	My classroom rules are aligned with schoolwide expectations (i.e. Safe, Respectful, Responsible, Ready)			
2	My classroom rules are observable, measureable, positively stated, understandable and always apply.	- 2		
3.	I have 5 or fewer rules for each schoolwide expectation.			
4	My classroom rules are prominently posted.			
5.	I have developed lemons to teach classroom rules.	- 11		8
б.	I refer to rules regularly when interacting with students.			
7.	A teaching schedule that includes classroom rule lessons is developed and on file in the office.			
8.	80% of my students can tell the classroom expectations and rules.			



MO SW-PBS Effective Classroom Practice

May, 2014

Adapted from: Virginia Department of Education. (2011); MO SW-PBS (2008) Dis Effective Chaureaux Practice addresses MO Teacher Standards 21, 24, 31, 51, 52, 53, 61, 62, 81 PRACTICE: Classroom rules/expectations are aligned with school-wide expectations, posted, and referred to regularly.

RESEARCH STATES:

- A dependable system of rules and procedures provides structure for students and helps them to be engaged with instructional tasks (Brophy, 1998).
- Teaching rules and routines to students at the beginning of the year and enforcing them consistently across time increases student academic achievement and task engagement (Evertson & Emmer, 1982; Johnson, Stoner, & Green, 1996).
- Clearly stating expectations and consistently supporting them lends credibility to a teacher's authority (Good & Brophy, 2000).

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- Rules are specific criteria for achieving expectations.
- ► Rules meet these 5 guidelines.

Guideline: This Means: Example: Non-example: Observable Raise hand and wait I can see it. Be your best. to be called on. Measurable Be ready to learn. I can count it. Bring materials. Positively Stated I tell students what Hands and feet to No fighting. TO do. self. Understandable The vocabulary is Hands and feet to Maintain personal appropriate for age/ self. space. (K-1 rule) *Children this age do not grade level. have a concept of "personal space." Always Applicable I am able to Stay in assigned area. Remain seated until consistently enforce. given permission to leave.

Guidelines for Developing Classroom Rules

Implementation

- Involve students in developing rules.
- Have students commit to rules.
- Teach classroom rules by demonstrating examples and nonexamples.
- Monitor and give frequent feedback when students follow rules.
- Share rules with families and others.

Self-Assessment Features		Yes	No	In Progress
1.	My classroom rules are aligned with schoolwide expectations (i.e. Safe, Respectful, Responsible, Ready)			
2.	My classroom rules are observable, measureable, positively stated, understandable and always apply.	0		
3.	I have 5 or fewer rules for each schoolwide expectation.	0		
4.	My classroom rules are prominently posted.			
5.	I have developed lessons to teach classroom rules.			
6.	I refer to rules regularly when interacting with students.			
7.	A teaching schedule that includes classroom rule lessons is developed and on file in the office.	()		
8.	80% of my students can tell the classroom expectations and rules.	o		

Teacher Self-Assessment Tool

Behavior Support Framework | moswpbs@missouri.edu



Home About Tier 1 Tier 2 Tier 3 Topics SI Profile

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Improving outcomes for all students.

Positive, proactive, preventative behavior supports.



Home About Tier 1 Tier 2 Tier 3 Topics SI Profile

Tier 1 Courses COURSE 2 COURSE 3 **Common Philosophy & Purpose** Leadership **Clarifying Expected Behavior** This course describes the process for establishing a viable SW-PBS This course provides information necessary for the development of This course provides information on developing a new, shared, positive and proactive discipline philosophy that focuses on discipline as Leadership Team, the vital role of administrative leadership, and schoolwide expectations and specific behaviors/rules that make up the strategies to ensure full staff engagement. building matrix. COURSE COMING SOON COURSE COMING SOON TAKE THIS COURSE COURSE 5 COURSE 6 **Teaching Expected Behavior** Encouraging Expected Behavior **Discouraging Inappropriate Behavior** This course provides information on the practices needed to build a This course describes the process for creating lesson plans, teaching This course provides information on the practices needed to build a schedules, and special activities and events that guide the ongoing comprehensive system to encourage and motivate students, as they comprehensive system to discouraging the full range of inappropriate teaching of expected behaviors. behaviors.

COURSE COMING SOON

learn and maintain expected behaviors.

TAKE THIS COURSE

TAKE THIS COURSE

COURSE 7

COURSE 1

teaching.

COURSE 4

Ongoing Monitoring

This course describes the process for developing an effective process to analyze data and use this analysis for decision-making.

COURSE COMING SOON

COURSE 10 **Tiered Fidelity Inventory**

This course describes the Tiered Fidelity Inventory (TFI), and the MO SW-PBS protocol for completion. The TFI is an efficient tool for teams to self-assess the fidelity of SW-PBS implementation.

COURSE COMING SOON

COURSE 8 **Effective Classroom Practices**

This course describes the MO SW-PBS 8 Effective Classroom Practices. These practices have been shown to increase the likelihood of appropriate behavior and decrease problem.

COURSE COMING SOON

COURSE 11 SW-PBS Action Plan

This course assists teams in developing a SW-PBS Action Plan with essential goals and steps to create a system of support, and to implement that system with fidelity.

COURSE COMING SOON

COURSE 9

Effective Professional Learning

This course describes the components of effective professional learning (PL) and the development of a systematic process to identify individual and group needs related to SW-PBS implementation.

COURSE COMING SOON



Home / Tier 1 Workbook & /

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Listed below is a comprehensive list of MO SW-PBS Tier 1 Resources. Download a full copy of the MO SW-PBS Tier 1 Team Workbook.



- 1. Common Philosophy & Purpose
- + 2. Leadership
- + 3. Clarifying Expected Behavior
- + 4. Teaching Expected Behavior
- 5. Encouraging Expected Behavior
- 6. Discouraging Inappropriate Behavior
- + 7. Ongoing Monitoring
- + 8. Effective Classroom Practices
- + 9. Professional Learning
- 10. Tier 1 References and Resources

9. Professional Learning

Professional Learning is critical to implementation of SW-PBS with fidelity. The following resources will assist teams to build capacity among staff to use effective practices.

Tool	Description		
9.0 MO SW-PBS Tier 1 Workbook: Ch 9: Professional Learning	This chapter provides guidance for teams to facilitate professional learning among staff.		
9.1 Checklist for High Quality Professional Development (HQPD) Training	Evidence based guide for providing high quality professional development.		
9.2 Multi-Tiered Support Framework for Teachers	Guide for providing a continuum of support for professional learning based on need.		
9.3 GROW Model Steps and Questions	Simple model for providing coaching to support professional learning.		
9.4 GROW School-Based Implementation Fidelity Checklist	Checklist to assist teams in implementing the GROW coaching model.		
9.5 Tier 1 Positive Behavior Support Staff Handbook Organizer	Template to assist teams in developing and organizing a staff handbook		





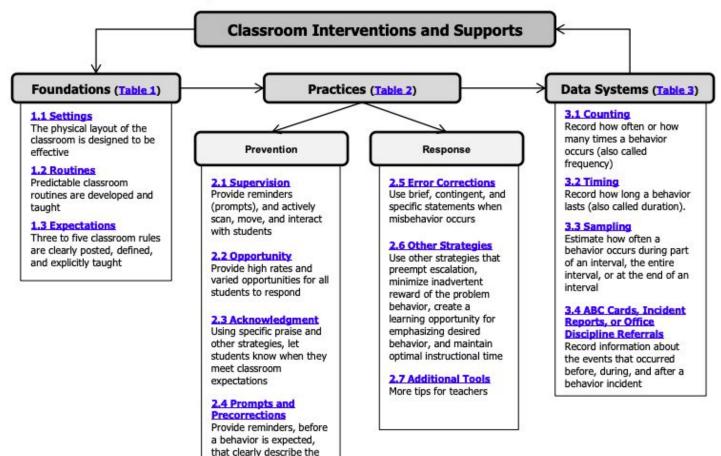
This technical assistance document was adapted from the PBIS Technical Brief on Classroom PBIS Strategies written by: Brandi Simonsen, Jennifer Freeman, Steve Goodman, Barbara Mitchell, Jessica Swain-Bradway, Brigid Flannery, George Sugai, Heather George, and Bob Putman, 2015.

Additional assistance was provided to the Office of Special Education Programs by Brandi Simonsen and Jenifer Freeman. Special thanks to Allison Blakely, Ambra Green, and Jennifer Rink, OSEP interns who also contributed to the development of this document.

https://www.pbis.org/common/cms/files/pbisresources/Supporting%20and%20Responding%20to%20Behavior.pdf

Interactive Map of Core Features

expectation



pbis.org



Funded by the U.S. Department of Education's Office of Special Education Programs (OSEP) and the Office of Elementary and Secondary Education (OESE), the Technical Assistance Center on PBIS supports schools, districts, and states to build systems capacity for implementing a multi-tiered approach to social, emotional and behavior support. The broad purpose of PBIS is to improve the effectiveness, efficiency and equity of schools and other agencies. PBIS improves social, emotional and academic outcomes for all students, including students with disabilities and students from underrepresented groups.

🛗 What's New & Upcoming Events

List of new postings and current information about PBIS events.

Find new postings and events 🗲

📌 Blueprints / Briefs / Tools

Documents and tools to support implementation, professional development, and evaluation of PBIS.

Find guidance for implementation >



FAMILY

SCHOOL



TRAINING

a

RESEARCH

Resources

EVALUATION

ools and counting!

2019 Leadership Forum Information - Registration is now available!

2018 Leadership Forum Videos / RDQ Practice Briefs

Featured Content: Getting Back to School after Disruptions Featured New Pages: FAQs about PBIS / Using Data for Classroom Support / SCTG Webinar

COMMUNITY

Sehavior Related Policy

Information for PBIS related policies. Government announcements and documents are listed.

Find policy information for PBIS >

📇 State / District Resources

Current information about state and district implementation of PBIS.

Find more information >

💼 School Climate Transformation

Current information about PBIS for School Climate Transformation Grant awardees.

Find more information >

Implementing PBIS

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본 Videos for Training

Videos from conference presentations, celebrations, and other training/dissemination events.

Find a video 🕻

What Went Well

- The staff became more aware of the effective classroom practices
- Professional development was provided based on data
- The Tier 1 team had great discussions about the practices after doing observations
- Forms were modified to make sure everyone was on the same page and getting more accurate data
- Data improved

Improvements for Next Year

- Timeline of the process- start earlier in the year
- Look at the observation tool, self-reflection, and student reflection to make adjustments/improvements
- Plan end of year observations earlier so we stay away from testing
- Plan professional development each quarter and get teachers a calendar
- Make more time available for support and follow up
- Give the students more information on the Classroom 8





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* Visit <u>http://pbismissouri.org/sti-video/</u> to see the 2015 presentation at the SI