

Activity Sequencing & Choice

- The other effective classroom strategies address increasing instructional time and student engagement.
- Motivation can be a barrier to engagement for some students.
- For students who can do the work but choose *not to do it*, activity sequencing and choice strategies may be helpful.

Offering choice and activity sequencing are preventive (antecedent interventions) because they are implemented before problem behaviors occur. (Kern & State, 2009)



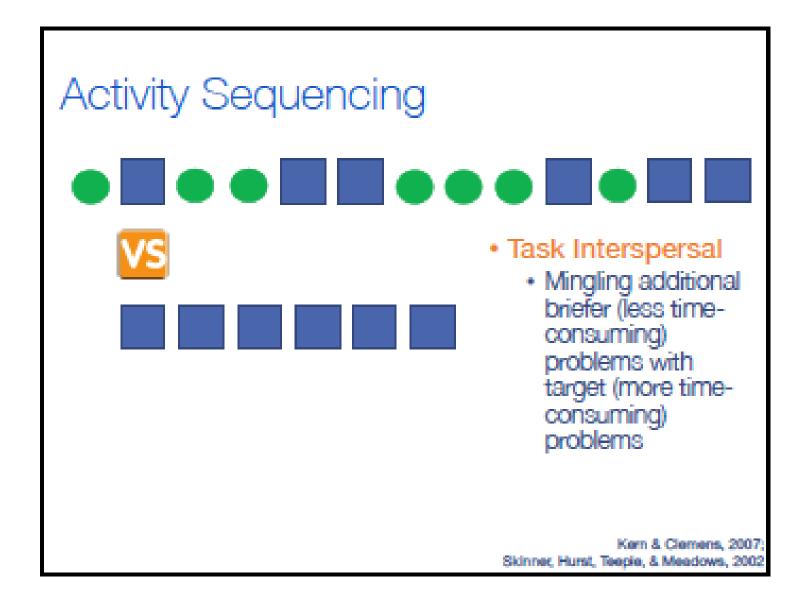


Activity Sequencing and Choice

- Increases student engagement with learning and task completion through motivation
- Decreases disruptive behavior
- Improves student perceptions of assignments previously considered too difficult
- Helps build positive adult-student relationships







Credit: Dr. Kelsey Morris

Activity Sequencing

- Behavioral Momentum
 - Delivering three to five brief, simple requests (High_p) prior to a difficult request (Low_p).





Strategies for Offering Choice

Examples of classwide choice:

- *Type* of task or activity
- *Order* or sequence of tasks
- Kinds of *materials* that will be used
- Whom to work with
- *Place* to work
- Choice of how to use *time*



Steps for Using Choice in the Classroom

- 1) Create a menu of choices you would be willing to provide to students.
- 2) Look through your choice menu before planning each lesson.
- 3) Decide what types of choice are appropriate for the lesson and where they fit best in the lesson.
- 4) Provide choices as planned while teaching the lesson.
- 5) Solicit student feedback and input.

(Kern and State, 2009, p. 5)



A Word of Caution About Choices

Be sure your choice is a choice not a threat or ultimatum intended as a consequence.

These are NOT Choices to Offer:

- Would you like to do your work here or go to the office?
- Do you want to do your work now or at recess?

