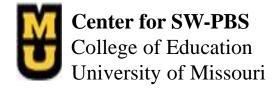
Tier 3 Overview and Readiness

Sustaining Effective Practices for Student Outcomes Summer Training Institute 2015







Overview and Readiness for Tier 3

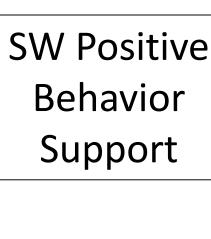
At the end of this session, you will be able to:

- Identify key features of a SW-PBS Tier 3 system and characteristics of maximally effective interventions.
- Determine readiness for development of Tier 3



Tier 3 Overview

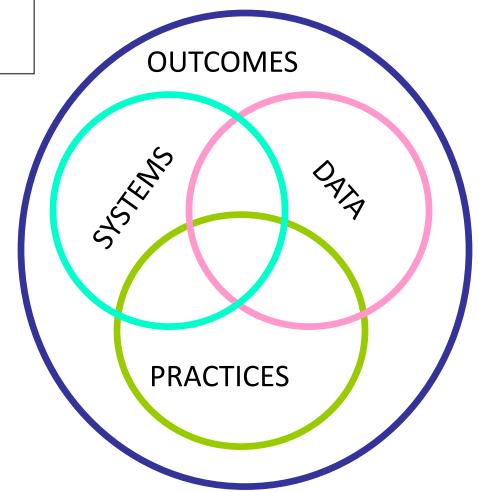




Supporting

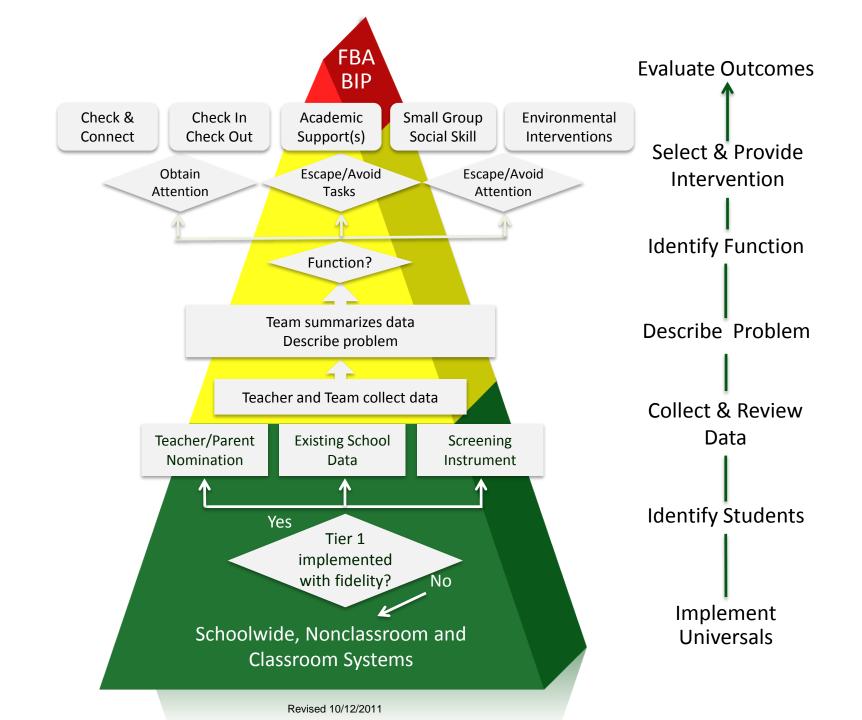
Staff Behavior

Social Competence & Academic Achievement



Supporting Decision Making

Supporting Student Behavior



Tier 3 Intervention is for:

- 1-5% of students who continue to exhibit problem behaviors after receiving Tier 1 and most likely, Tier 2 supports with fidelity.
 - Many of these students will have extended school histories of academic and behavioral difficulties.



Student Identification

- Your team will develop decision rules to identify students for Tier 3 intervention support:
 - Nonresponse to Tier 2 intervention
 - Chronic problem behaviors
 - Intense problem behaviors
 - Nomination by teacher, student, family members
 - Universal Screening



Tier 3 Intervention – FBA/BIP

For students who meet criteria for Tier 3 intervention, the team will conduct a Functional Behavior Assessment (FBA) and use those results to develop an individualized Behavior Intervention Plan (BIP).



"A team-based approach to function-based support relies on the **knowledge and expertise of typical classroom teachers and personnel**."

(Scott, Anderson, Mancil, & Alter, 2009, p. 432)

Research findings have demonstrated that school staff, with appropriate training, can develop evidence-based behavior intervention plans that improve student outcomes.

(Cook, Mayer, Browning-Wright, Kraemer, Wallace, Dart, Collins, & Restori, 2012)



Functional Behavior Assessment (FBA)

- Functional behavior assessment is a problemsolving process for identifying the events that reliably predict and maintain problem behavior.
- The primary objective of the FBA is to gather evidence to develop and support a summary statement of the function of behavior and to use this information to design the behavior implementation plan.



Behavior Intervention Plan (BIP)

- A BIP is based on the FBA and defines how an educational setting will be changed to improve the student's behavioral success.
 - The BIP describes how the **environment** will be changed to prevent occurrences of problem behavior.
 - The BIP describes the **teaching** that will occur to give the student alternative ways of behaving.
 - The BIP describes the consequences that will be provided to
 (a) encourage positive behavior,
 - (b) limit inadvertent reward of problem behavior, and
 - (c) where appropriate, discourage problem behavior.



Tier 3 Teams

- A two-tiered model is recommended by Crone and Horner (2003):
 - The first tier is the Core Team that is responsible for developing the Tier 3 system and assigning Action Team members
 - The second tier is an Action Team that is individualized for each student in order to conduct the FBA, develop the BIP, and monitor progress for data-based decision making.

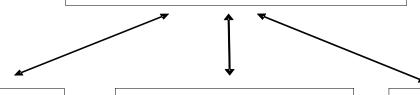


Tier 3 Core & Action Team Members

Core Team Members

- Administrator
- Person with behavioral expertise
- Person with academic expertise

One member is crossover with Tier 2 Team



Action Team Members

- Member(s) of core team
- Teacher(s) of identified student
- Parent(s)/Family Member(s)
- Student if appropriate
- Significant others

Action Team Members

- Member(s) of core team
- Teacher(s) of identified student
- Parent(s)/Family Member(s)
- Student if appropriate
- Significant others

Action Team Members

- Member(s) of core team
- Teacher(s) of identified student
- Parent(s)/Family Member(s)
- Student if appropriate
- Significant others

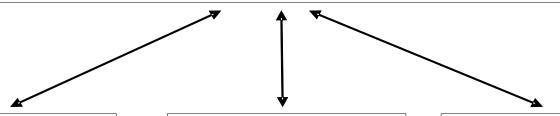
Student 1 Student 2 Student 3

Tier 3 Core & Action Team Responsibilities

Core Team

Develops a standard process to:

- identify students
- conduct FBAs
- develop and monitor BIPs
- Identify & elicit participation of Action Team members
- provide professional development*
- update staff and others



Action Team

- Conducts FBA to develop Summary Statement
- Completes Record Review
- Interviews Teachers/Staff,Family, Student
- Observes Student
- Develops & Monitors BIP

Action Team

- Conducts FBA to develop Summary Statement
- Completes Record Review
- Interviews Teachers/Staff,Family, Student
- Observes Student
- Develops & Monitors BIP

Action Team

- Conducts FBA to develop Summary Statement
- Completes Record Review
- Interviews Teachers/Staff,Family, Student
- Observes Student
- Develops & Monitors BIP

Student 1

Student 2

Student 3

Research Findings in Brief

- Interventions based on function are most effective
- Interventions not based on function actually increase problem behavior
- Interventions implemented with fidelity have the greater impact
- With training, school staff can develop BIPs



Challenges You Might Face

- Teaching team members the science of behavior
- Building consensus among team members; helping the team decide which interventions will be successful
- Creating sustainable support systems for those who will be implementing interventions over time



Assessing Readiness for Tier 3



A Continuum of Support for All

Academic Systems

Tier Three

- ·Individual Students
- Assessment-based
- •High Intensity

Tier Two

- •Some students (at-risk)
- ·High efficiency
- Rapid response

Tier One

- ·All students
- Preventive, proactive



Tier Three

- ·Individual Students
- ·Assessment-based
- •Intense, durable procedures

Tier Two

- •Some students (at-risk)
- ·High efficiency
- Rapid response

Tier One

- •All settings, all students
- ·Preventive, proactive



Tier 3 Readiness — the Big Picture

- 6. Documentation of:
- •Standard system for identifying students for Tiece supports
- Process to identify function of behavior are match interventor.
 the function
- •At least one receasin-based small group unapply targeted bunivarial intercention is fully implemented. If only one is fully implemented, plans are in place for full implementation assecond intervention 2014-2
- saff has receized thin for implementation of interventions
- •Use in land student data for making decisions about when to continue, intensify, change, or fade intervention
- •Family members are informed of the Tier 2 process and regularly updated about child's progress



Tier 1 and Tier 2 Analysis for Tier 3 Readiness

TIER 3 READINESS GUIDELINE	DOCUMENTATION/NOTES:
Schoolwide Evaluation Tool (SET) Score of 80/80 OR Benchmarks of Quality (BoQ) of 80% or higher within the last 12 months.	Score and date 80% Criteria met? Yes No Notes for increasing fidelity based upon results:
Self-Assessment Survey (SAS)/Effective Behavior Support Survey (EBS) results indicate current status of 80% or more features in place for: • Schoolwide Systems • Nonclassroom Setting Systems • Classroom Systems.	Score and date 80% Criteria met? Yes No Notes for increasing fidelity based. The cults:
Office Referral Data (ODR) 1 to 0% of students in the 0-1 referral range.	Percentage in 0-1 range 80% Criteria met? Yes No
Data demonstrates reduction in classroom minor referrals over at least a one year period.	Classroom Minor Referrals collected? Yes No If Yes: Number of previous year's Classroom Minors If No: Add to your Action Plan steps to begin Classroom Minor data collection
Consistent use of schoolwide data for making decisions as evidenced by monthly Big 5 data reports.	Big 5 used monthly for decision-making? Yes No Notes for increasing fidelity:

Tier 3 Readiness — Tier 1 Indicators

- ✓ School-wide Evaluation Tool (SET) Score of 80/80 or Benchmarks of Quality (BoQ) of 80% or higher within the last 12 months
- ✓ Self-Assessment Survey (SAS)/Effective Behavior Support Survey (EBS) results indicate current status of 80% or more features in place for
 - School-Wide Systems,
 - Non-classroom Setting Systems
 - Classroom Systems



Tier 3 Readiness – Tier 1 Indicators

- ✓ Office Referral Data (ODR) indicate 80% or more of students in the 0-1 referral range
- ✓ Data demonstrates reduction in classroom minor referrals over at least a one year period
- ✓ Consistent use of schoolwide data for making decisions as evidenced by monthly Big 5 data reports



TIER 3 READINESS GUIDELINE

Documentation of:

- Standard system for identifying students for Tier 2 supports
- Process to identify function of behavior and match intervention to the function
- At least one research-based small-group and/or to retect available intervention is lay implemented, the second intervention has been piloted and plans are in place for full implementation.
- Staff has received training for implementation of interventions
- Use individual student data for making decisions about when to continue, intensify, change, or fade intervention
- Family members are informed of the Tier 2 process and regularly updated about child's progress

DOCUMENTATION/NOTES:

Which are in place, in use, and documented?

#'s_____

Instrument(s) consistently used:

____ Intervention Planning Guide

____ Advanced Tier Data Collection Spreadsheet

_Adapted FACTS Part A 🥌



2

Notes for increasing fluelity:

Fidelity



Tier 3 Readiness – Tier 2 Indicators

✓ Documentation of:

- Standard system for identifying students for Tier 2 supports
- Process to identify function of behavior and match intervention to the function
- At least one research-based small-group and/or targeted behavioral intervention that is fully implemented. If only one is fully implemented, the second intervention has been piloted and plans are in place for full implementation.



Tier 3 Readiness – Tier 2 Indicators

- ✓ Documentation of:
 - Staff training for implementation of interventions
 - Use of individual student data for making decisions about when to continue, intensify, change, or fade intervention
 - Family members are informed of the Tier 2 process and regularly updated about child's progress



TIER 3 READINESS GUIDELINE DOCUMENTATION/NOTES: Administrator and core group of staff who will Are all Tier 3 team members in place? serve on Tier 3 team: Determine a core group of team is te ore g u W) II attend ain 35 : members who will attend trainings (i.e. administrator me ber with behavioral expertise, en e visa d il expertise) At least one nember with behavioral If No, what positions are missing and who will fill them? expertise At least one member with academic expertise Crossover membership for Tier 2 teal Access to district level support



Tier 3 Readiness – Tier 3 Core Team

- ✓ Administrator and core group of staff who will serve on Tier 3 team:
 - At least one member with behavioral expertise
 - At least one member with academic expertise
 - Crossover membership for Tier 2 team
 - Access to district level support
- ✓ Determine a core group of team members who will attend trainings (i.e. administrator, member with behavioral expertise, member with academic expertise)



Questions

What didn't get answered?

 Contact your regional or Tier 2/3 consultant if you have additional questions after this session.

Diane Feeley feeleyd@missouri.edu



References

Cook, C. R., Mayer, G. R., Browning-Wright, D., Kraemer, B., Wallace, M. D., Dart, E., Collins, T., & Restori, A. (2012). Exploring the link among behavior intervention plans, treatment integrity, and student outcomes under natural educational conditions. *Journal of Special Education*, 46 (1), 3-16.

Crone, D. & Horner, R. H. (2003). *Building positive behavior support systems in schools*. New York: Guilford Press.

Ervin. R. A., Radford. P. M., Berisch, K., Piper, A. L., Ehrhardt. K. E., & Poling. A. (2001). A descriptive analysis and critique of the empirical literature on school-based functional assessment. *School Psychology Review*, 30, 193-210.

Gage, N. A., Lewis, T. J., & Stichter, J. P. (2012). Functional behavioral assessment-based interventions for students with or at risk for emotional and/or behavioral disorders in school: A hierarchical linear modeling meta-analysis. *Behavioral Disorders*, 37(2), 55-77.



References

Hoff, K. E., Ervin, R. A., & Friman, P. C. (2005). Refining functional behavioral assessment: Analyzing the separate and combined effects of hypothesized controlling variables during ongoing classroom routines. *School Psychology Review*, 34, 45–57.

Ingram, K., Lewis-Palmer, T., & Sugai, G. (2005). Function-based intervention planning: Comparing the effectiveness of FBA: Indicated and contra-indicated intervention plans. *Journal of Positive Behavior Interventions*, 7(4), 224-236.

Newcomer, L., & Lewis, T. J. (2004). Functional behavioral assessment: An investigation of assessment reliability and effectiveness. *Journal of Emotional and Behavioral Disorders*, 12, 168–181.

Scott, T.M., Anderson, C., Mancil, R., & Alter, P. (2009). Implementing function-based support within schoolwide positive behavior support. In Sailor, D., Dunlap, G., Sugai, G., & Horner, R. (Ed.) *Handbook of positive behavior support*. New York: Springer Science+Business Media.

A complete listing of MO SW-PBS Tier 3 Team Workbook references can be found in Chapter 12: References.

